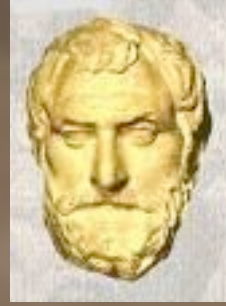


Anaxagoras

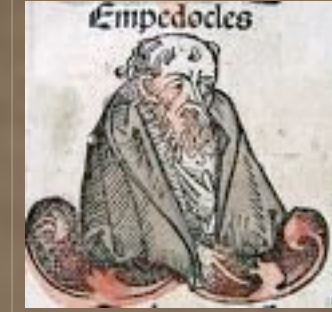
501 B.C. – 429 B.C.



Proposed mixtures of several elemental "seeds", with motion originating the nous.

Empedocles of Acragas

491 B.C. – 431 B.C.



Proposed that mixtures four elements (earth fire water air) accounted for all terrestrial matter.

Socrates

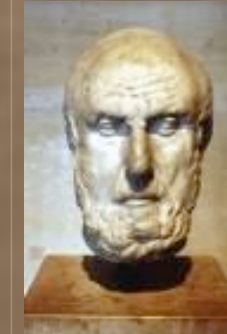
470 B.C. – 400 B.C.



Proposed that knowing the essential truth was impossible but that a likely story to save the phenomena was worth attempting.

Hippocrates of Cos

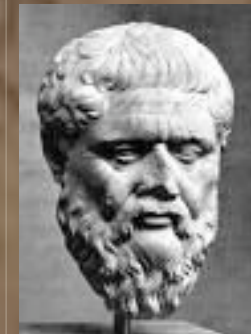
451 B.C. – 371 B.C.



Used Empedocles' elements to explain human physiology, cause of disease, and formulate treatment.

Plato

430 B.C. – 348 B.C.



Student of Socrates who recorded his conversations or dialogues. Believed that a concept had to precede identification and categorization.

Aristotle

385 B.C. – 323 B.C.



Student of Plato who built philosophy based on observation, induction of general principles.

490 B.C.

480 B.C.

470 B.C.

460 B.C.

450 B.C.

440 B.C.

430 B.C.

420 B.C.

410 B.C.

400 B.C.

390 B.C.

380 B.C.

370 B.C.

360 B.C.

350 B.C.

340 B.C.

Greek Theories of motion